EDWARDS UNDERGROUND WATER DISTRICT

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QUANTITY AND QUALITY OF LOW FLOW IN THE HONDO CREEK BASIN, TEXAS

March 27-28, 1968

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ABSTRACT

A determination of the gains and losses in a 29.5-mile reach of Hondo Creek near Hondo, Texas, was made on March 27-28, 1968. A net loss of 106 cfs (cubic feet per second) occurred in the reach (site 2 to site 8) that contributes recharge to the Edwards and associated limestones. These losses were greater than those that occurred during the previous low-flow investigation in April 1958. The quality of water showed a general improvement downstream except for sites on and downstream from Verde Creek.

PURPOSE AND SCOPE OF THE STUDY

This investigation was made to determine the changes in quantity and quality of low flow in the reach of Hondo Creek that contributes recharge to the Edwards and associated limestones.

Discharge measurements were made and water samples were collected at 12 sites on Hondo Creek and at one site on Verde Creek. These sites are generally the same as the ones used during a previous low-flow study in April 1958 (Texas Board of Water Engineers, 1960).

DESCRIPTION OF THE BASIN

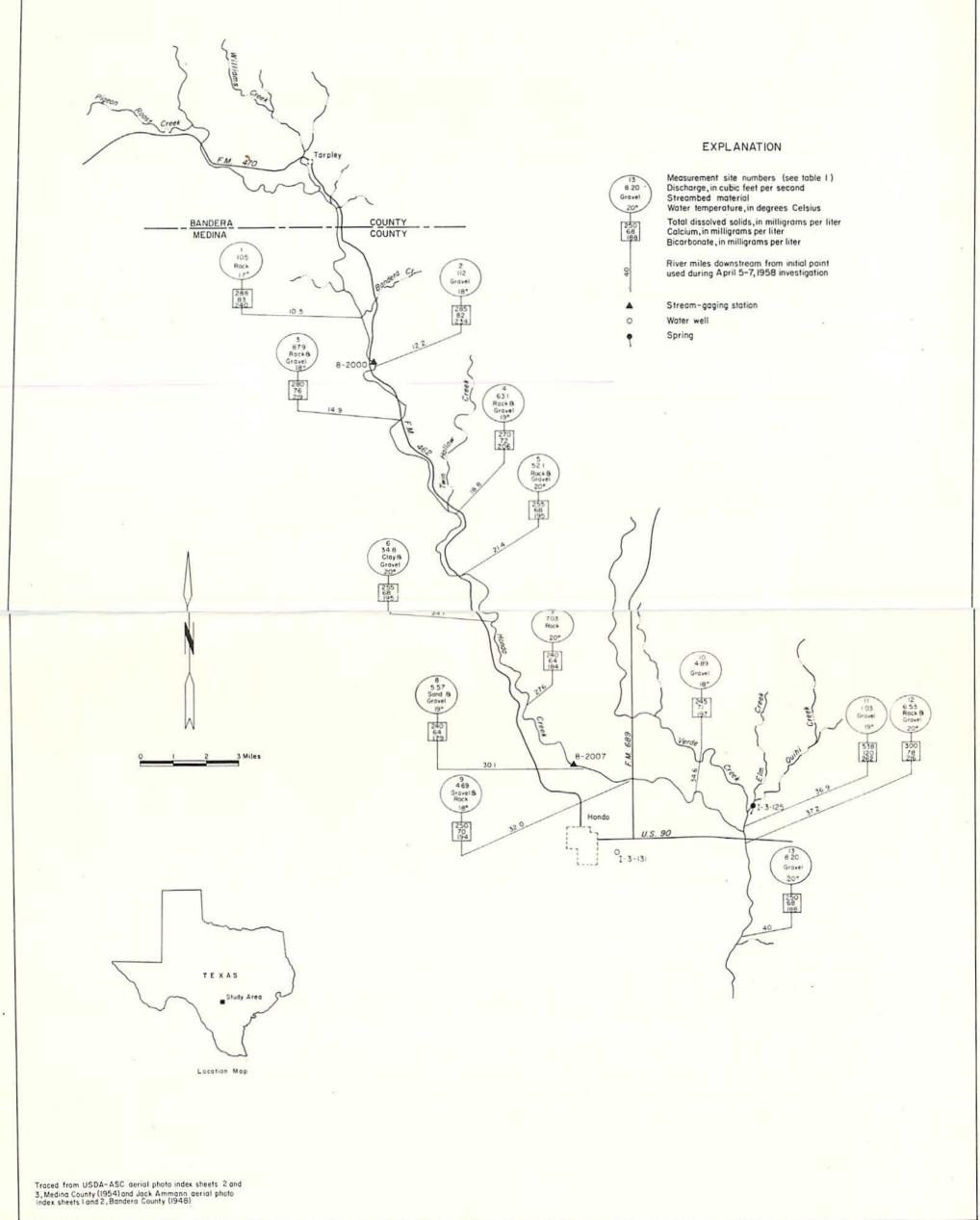
Hondo Creek rises near the center of Bandera County and flows generally south through Medina, Frio, and LaSalle Counties to the Frio River. The 29.5-mile reach investigated during this study (fig. 1) extends from Bandera Creek near the Bandera-Medina County line to near Hondo in central Medina County.

Altitudes range from about 1,170 feet above mean sea level in the upper end of the study area to about 750 feet above mean sea level in the lower end. The drainage area of Hondo Creek above site 13 (fig. 1) is about 400 square miles.

In the reach between site 1 and site 13, Hondo Creek flows over the Edwards and associated limestones of Cretaceous age. Quaternary alluvium, composed of clay, silt, sand, and gravel, forms highly permeable terrace deposits at some places along the stream. The area of recharge to the Edwards and associated limestones is between sites 2 and 8.

CONDITIONS OF FLOW

During this study, conditions were generally favorable for determining gains and losses in streamflow. No appreciable rainfall had occurred for 2 weeks prior to the investigation, and Verde Creek was the only flowing tributary. Streamflow was sustained almost entirely by ground-water effluent, and evapotranspiration was low. Hondo Creek was in a uniform and normal recession which became no-flow at site 8 a few days after the study.



GAINS AND LOSSES IN FLOW

Upstream from site 2 (fig. 1), Hondo Creek generally gains in flow from ground-water seepage and springflow. From site 2 to site 8, there is a net loss as the Creek crosses an area of recharge to the Edwards and associated limestones. From site 9 to site 13 there is a small net gain. Discharge measurements are given in table 1.

The effluent ground water upstream from site 2 is derived mainly from Cretaceous rocks of the Edwards Plateau. Downstream from site 8, the effluent is probably derived from the Quaternary alluvium.

The ground-water effluent varies according to the amount of water in storage. A comparison of the gains and losses during the periods April 5-7, 1958, and March 27-28, 1968, is shown on figure 2.

CHEMICAL QUALITY OF THE WATER

The quality of the water in Hondo Creek during the study period (table 2) showed general improvement downstream from site 1 to site 10. Dissolved solids, chloride, and nitrate concentrations are increased by tributary inflow from Verde Creek. Tributary inflow is probably derived from the Quaternary alluvium as well 1-3-131 and spring 1-3-125 (fig. 1, table 2) have similar water quality (Holt, 1959).

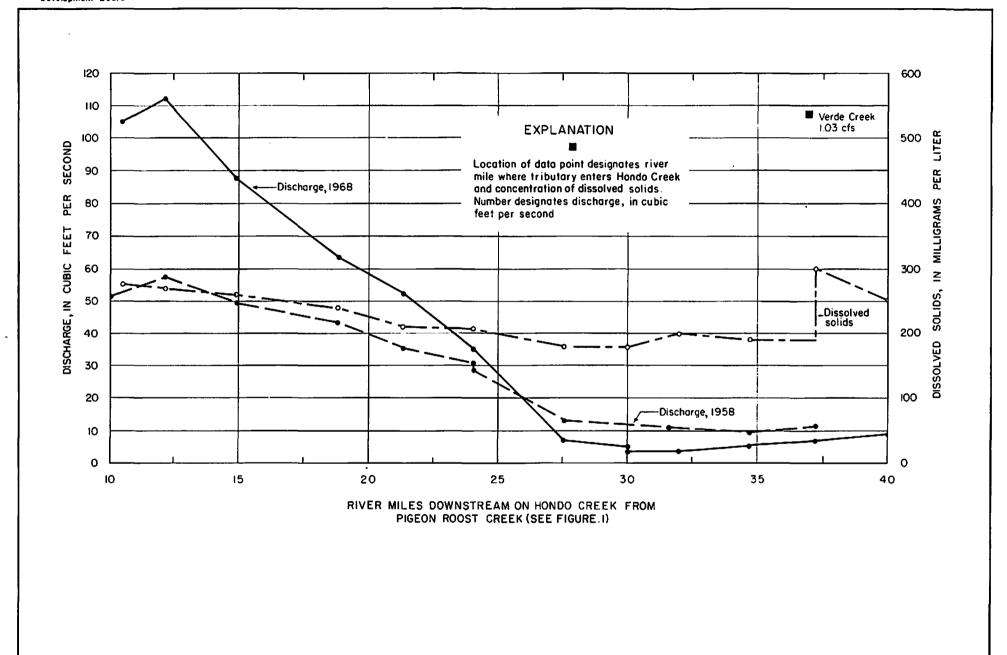


Figure 2—Discharge for April 5-7, 1958, and discharge and dissolved solids for March 27-28, 1968, Hondo and Verde Creeks.

Table 1.--Discharge measurements, Hondo Creek and Verde Creek

Site				River	Was	ter	Disch in c		
	Date			miles		mp.	Main	Tribu-	
No.	1968	Stream	Location	1/	°C	-°F	stream	tary	Streambed material
	Mar.								
1	27	Hondo Creek	50 feet downstream from Bandera Creek.	10.5	17	63	105	-	Limestone
2	27	Hondo Creek	Lat 29°34', long 99°15', at stream-gaging station	12.2	18	64	112	-	Gravel
			Hondo Creek near Tarpley (8-2000).						
2	28	Hondo Creek	Lat 29°341, long 99°151, at stream-gaging station	12.2	18	65	107	-	Gravel
			Hondo Creek near Tarpley (8-2000).						
3	27	Hondo Creek	Lat 29°32', long 99°14', 1,500 feet downstream	14.9	18	64	87.9	-	Limestone and grave
			from Farm Road 462 crossing.						
14	27	Hondo Creek	Lat 29°30', long 99°13', 500 feet downstream from	18.8	19	66	63.1	-	Limestone and gravel
			Twin Hollow Creek.						
5	27	Hondo Creek	Lat 29°28', long 99°13', 400 feet upstream from	21.4	20	68	52.1	-	Limestone and gravel
			Farm Road 462 crossing.						
6	27	Hondo Creek	Lat 29°27', long 99°11', at discontinued stream-	24.1	20	68	34.8	-	Clay and gravel
			gaging station Hondo Creek near Hondo (8-2005).						
7	27	Hondo Creek	Lat 29°24', long 99°10', 50 feet downstream from	27.6	20	68	7.03	-	Limestone
			private gravel ranch road.						
8	27	Hondo Creek	Lat 29°23'16", long 99°08'50", 2,000 feet downstream	30.1	19	66	5.57	_	Sand and gravel
			from stream-gaging station Hondo Creek at King						
			Waterhole near Hondo (8-2007).						

Waterhole near Hondo (8-2007).

Table 1.--Discharge measurements, Hondo Creek and Verde Creek.--Continued

				River	Wa	ter	Disc in	harge cfs	
Site No.	Date 1968	Stream	Location	miles 1/	temp. °C °F		Main stream	Tribu- tary	Streambed material
8	Mar.		Lat 29°23'16", long 99°08'50", 2,000 feet downstream	30.1	18	65	4.49	_	Sand and gravel
			from stream-gaging station Hondo Creek at King Waterhole near Hondo (8-2007).						
9	28	Hondo Creek	Lat 29°23', long 99°07', 0.2 mile downstream from Farm Road 689.	32.0	18	64	4.69	-	Limestone and gravel
10	28	Hondo Creek	Lat 29°22', long 99°05', 0.2 mile upstream from county road.	34.6	18	65	4.89	-	Gravel
11	28	Verde Creek	Lat 29°22', long 99°03', 500 feet downstream from crossing and 0.5 mile upstream from mouth.	<u>2</u> /36.9	19	66	-	1.03	Gravel
12	28	Hondo Creek	Lat 29°21', long 99°03', 75 feet downstream from U.S. Highway 90.	37.2	20	68	6.53	-	Limestone and gravel.
13	28	Hondo Creek	Lat 29°19', long 99°03', 2.8 miles downstream from U.S. Highway 90.	40.0	20	68	8.20	-	Gravel

^{1/} River miles taken from April 5-7, 1958, Base-Flow Study, Texas Board of Water Engineers, 1960.

^{2/} River miles on Hondo Creek at mouth of tributary.

Table 2 .-- Chemical analyses of water in the Hondo Creek watershed

(Results in milligrams per liter except as indicated)

	Source of sample											Bi-							Hardness as CaCO ₃		30-	duct- ance (micro-	рН
Site number			Date	Discharge (cfs)	Silica (SiQ ₂)	Iron (Fe)	Cal- cium (Ca)	Mag- ne- sium (Mg)	Sodium (Na)	Po- tas- sium (K)	bon-	Sulfate (SO₄)	Chloride (Cl)	ride	Ni- trate (NO ₃)	e ron	Dissolved solids (calculated)	Cal- cium, Mag- ne- sium	Non- car- bon- ate	Borp-			
1	Hondo Creek	Mar.	27, 196	8 105	9.1		83	9.7	7.8	0.9	240	29	17	0.2	13	•	288	247	50	0.2	496	7.5	
2	do		do	112			82	10			234						285	246	54		495	7.4	
3	do		do	87.9			76	10			219						280	231	51		478	7.5	
4	do		do	63.1			72	10			206						270	221	52		461	7.5	
5	do		do	52.1			68	10			195						255	211	51		438	7.5	
ь	do		do	34.8	8.9		68	10	8.1	1.0	195	31	17	. 2	14		254	211	51	. 2	436	7.8	
7	do		do	7.03			64	9.8			184						240	200	49			7.8	
8	do		do	5.57			64	9.1			179						240	197	50		419	7.7	
9	do	Mar.	28, 196				70	7.7		- -	194						250	206	47		433	7.7	
10	do		do	4.89			71	7.2			197						245	207	45		425		
11	Verde Creek		do	1.03	10		120	7.8		2.8	262	38	126	. 2	42		538	332	117	1.5		7.4	
12	Hondo Creek		do	6.53	8.4		78	7.4		1.8		27	34	. 2	18		300	225	48	. 6	524	7.7	
13	do		do	8.20	5.3		68	7.0	13	1.8	188	26	24	.2	13		250	198	44	. 4	444	7.7	
	Spring I-3-125	Jan.	14, 195	2	15		106	8.3	<u>a</u> /47		217	22	124		36		465	298	120	1.2	895	7.6	
	Well I-3-131	Jan.	26, 195	ı	31		172	21	<u>a</u> /248		356	44	288		387		1370	516	224	4.7	2180	7.0	

 $[\]underline{a}$ / Sodium and potassium (Na + K)

REFERENCES CITED

- Holt, C. L. R., Jr., 1959, Geology and ground-water resources of Medina County, Texas: U.S. Geol. Survey Water-Supply Paper 1422, 213 p.
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